#### December 15, 2009

09-1073E CAB

File No. 0008-09

## CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

(7009 0960 0000 3852 6131)

Mr. Michael L. Kaleikini Plant Manager Puna Geothermal Venture P.O. Box 30 Pahoa, Hawaii 96778

Dear Mr. Kaleikini:

Subject: Noncovered Source Permit (NSP) No. 0008-02-N

**Application for Renewal No. 0008-09** 

**Puna Geothermal Venture** 

41 MW (Nominal) Geothermal Power Plant, Wellfield, and Geothermal

**Exploratory/Developmental Wells** 

Located at 14-3860 Kapoho-Pahoa Road, Pahoa, HI 96778

Date of Expiration: December 14, 2014

The subject Noncovered Source Permit is issued in accordance with Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 60.1. The issuance of this permit is based on the plans, specifications, and information that you submitted as part of your renewal application dated September 18, 2009. This permit shall supersede Noncovered Source Permit (NSP) No. 0008-02-N issued on December 27, 2004 and amended on April 22, 2005 and August 17, 2006 in its entirety. A receipt for the application filing fee of \$100.00 is enclosed.

The Noncovered Source Permit is issued subject to the conditions/requirements set forth in the following Attachments:

Attachment I: Standard Conditions

Attachment IIA: Special Conditions: Power Plant

Attachment IIB: Special Conditions: Wellfield and Geothermal

Exploratory/Developmental Wells

Attachment III: Annual Fee Requirements

Attachment IV: Annual Emissions Reporting Requirements

The following forms are enclosed for your use and submittal as required:

Annual Fee Form

Monitoring Report Form: Operating Hours

Monitoring/Annual Emissions Report Form: Fuel Consumption

Mr. Michael L. Kaleikini December 15, 2009 Page 2

This permit, (a) shall not in any manner affect the title of the premises upon which the equipment is to be located, (b) does not release the permittee from any liability for any loss due to personal injury or property damage caused by, resulting from or arising out of the design, installation, maintenance, or operation of the equipment, and (c) in no manner implies or suggests that the Department of Health, or its officers, agents, or employees, assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any loss due to personal injury or property damage caused by, resulting from or arising out of the design, installation, maintenance, or operation of the equipment.

Sincerely,

THOMAS E. ARIZUMI, P.E., CHIEF Environmental Management Division

DL:smk

Enclosures

c: Ed Yamamoto, EHS -Hilo CAB Monitoring Section

### ATTACHMENT I: STANDARD CONDITIONS NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

This permit is granted in accordance with the Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Title 11, Chapter 60.1, Air Pollution Control, and is subject to the following standard conditions:

- This permit, or a copy thereof, shall be maintained at or near the source and shall be made available for inspection upon request. The permit shall not be willfully defaced, altered, forged, counterfeited, or falsified.
- 2. This permit is not transferable whether by operation of law or otherwise, from person to person, from place to place, or from one piece of equipment to another without the approval of the Department of Health, except as provided in HAR, Section 11-60.1-69.
- 3. A request for transfer from person to person shall be made on forms furnished by the Department of Health.
- 4. In the event of any changes in control or ownership of the facilities to be constructed or modified, this permit shall be binding on all subsequent owners and operators. The permittee shall <u>notify</u> the succeeding owner and operator of the existence of this permit and its conditions by letter.
- 5. The facility covered by this permit shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the application, and any information submitted as part of the application, for the Noncovered Source Permit. There shall be no deviation unless additional or revised plans are submitted to and approved by the Department of Health.
- 6. This permit (a) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes of the State of Hawaii, or with applicable local laws, regulations, or ordinances, and (b) shall not constitute, nor be construed to be an approval of the design of the noncovered source.
- 7. The permittee shall comply with all the terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of HAR, Chapter 11-60.1 and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, suspension, reopening, or amendment; or for denial of a permit renewal application.
- 8. If any term or condition of this permit becomes invalid as a result of a challenge to a portion of this permit, the other terms and conditions of this permit shall not be affected and shall remain valid.
- 9. The permittee shall not use as a defense in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

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- 10. This permit may be terminated, suspended, reopened, or amended for cause pursuant to HAR, Sections 11-60.1-10 and 11-60.1-72, and HRS, Chapter 342B-27, after affording the permittee an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with HRS, Chapter 91.
- 11. The filing of a request by the permittee for the termination, suspension, reopening, or amendment of this permit, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
- 12. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
- 13. The permittee shall notify the Department of Health in writing of the following dates:
  - a. The anticipated date of initial start-up for each emission unit of a new source or modification not less than thirty (30) days or more than sixty (60) days prior to such date:
  - b. The actual date of construction commencement within fifteen (15) days after such date; and
  - c. The actual date of start-up within fifteen (15) days after such date.
- 14. The permittee shall furnish, in a timely manner, any information or records requested in writing by the Department of Health to determine whether cause exists for terminating, suspending, reopening, or amending this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department of Health copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Department of Health with a claim of confidentiality.
- 15. The permittee shall notify the Department of Health in writing, of the intent to shut down air pollution control equipment for necessary scheduled maintenance at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the planned shutdown. The submittal of this notice shall not be a defense to an enforcement action. The notice shall include the following:
  - a. Identification of the specific equipment to be taken out of service, as well as its location and permit number:
  - b. The expected length of time that the air pollution control equipment will be out of service:
  - c. The nature and quantity of emissions of air pollutants likely to be emitted during the shutdown period;
  - d. Measures such as the use of off-shift labor and equipment that will be taken to minimize the length of the shutdown period; and
  - e. The reasons why it would be impossible or impractical to shut down the source operation during the maintenance period.
- 16. In the event any emission unit, air pollution control equipment, or related equipment malfunctions or breaks down in such a manner as to cause the emission of air pollutants in violation of Chapter 11-60.1 or this permit, the permittee shall immediately notify the

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Department of Health of the malfunction or breakdown, unless the protection of personnel or public health or safety demands immediate attention to the malfunction or breakdown and makes such notification infeasible. In the latter case, the notice shall be provided as soon as practicable. Within five (5) working days of this initial notification, the permittee shall also submit, in writing, the following information:

- a. Identification of each affected emission point and each emission limit exceeded;
- b. Magnitude of the excess emissions;
- c. Time and duration of the excess emissions;
- d. Identity of the process or control equipment causing the excess emissions;
- e. Cause and nature of the excess emissions;
- f. Description of the steps taken to remedy the situation, prevent a recurrence, limit the excessive emissions, and assure that the breakdown does not interfere with the attainment and maintenance of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards and state ambient air quality standards;
- g. Documentation that the equipment or process was at all times maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions; and
- h. A statement that the excess emissions are not part of a recurring pattern indicative of inadequate design, operation, or maintenance.

The submittal of these notices shall not be a defense to an enforcement action.

- 17. The permittee may request confidential treatment of any records in accordance with HAR, Section 11-60.1-14.
- 18. This permit shall become invalid with respect to the authorized construction is not commenced as follows:
  - a. Construction shall be commenced within twelve (12) months after the permit takes effect, shall not be discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months or more, and shall be completed within a reasonable time.
  - b. For phased construction projects, each phase shall commence construction within twelve (12) months of the projected and approved commencement dates in the permit. This provision shall be applicable only if the projected and approved commencement dates of each construction phase are defined in Attachment II, Special Conditions of this permit.
- 19. The Department of Health may extend the time periods specified in Standard Condition No. 18 upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified. Requests for an extension shall be submitted in writing to the Department of Health.
- 20. The permittee shall submit fees in accordance with HAR, Subchapter 6 of Chapter 11-60.1.
- 21. All certifications shall be in accordance with HAR, Section 11-60.1-4.

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- 22. The permittee shall allow the Director of Health, the Regional Administrator for the U.S. EPA and/or an authorized representative, upon presentation of credentials or other documents required by law:
  - a. To enter the premises where a source is located or emission-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit and inspect at reasonable times all facilities, equipment, including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, operations, or records covered under the terms and conditions of this permit and request copies of records or copy records required by this permit; and
  - b. To sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to assure compliance with this permit or applicable requirements of HAR, Chapter 11-60.1.
- 23. Within thirty (30) days of the permanent discontinuance of the construction, modification, relocation, or operation of the facility covered by this permit, the discontinuance shall be reported in writing to the Department of Health by a responsible official of the facility.
- 24. Application for permit renewal shall be submitted a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the permit expiration on forms furnished by the Department of Health.
- 25. Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall be certified as being true, accurate and complete by a responsible official in accordance with HAR, Sections 11-60.1-1 and 11-60.1-4, and shall be mailed to the following address:

Clean Air Branch Environmental Management Division Hawaii Department of Health 919 Ala Moana Boulevard, Room 203 Honolulu, HI 96814

26. To determine compliance with submittal deadlines for time-sensitive documents, the postmark date of the document shall be used. If the document was hand-delivered, the date received ("stamped") at the Clean Air Branch shall be used to determine the submittal date.

# ATTACHMENT IIA: SPECIAL CONDITIONS POWER PLANT NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

In addition to the Standard Conditions of the Noncovered Source Permit, the following emissions unit(s) is subject to the Special Conditions listed below.

#### Section A. Equipment Description.

- 1. A 41 MW (Nominal) Geothermal Power Plant including the following equipment and associated appurtenances:
  - a. Ten (10) integrated back pressure steam turbine and air cooled binary cycle turbine/generator modules. Ormat Energy Converter (OEC) or equivalent;
  - b. Noncondensible gas (NCG) compressor units;
  - c. Vapor Recovery Unit (VRU);
  - d. Sulfa-Treat System (two abatement reactor vessels);
  - e. Emergency Steam Release Facility (ESRF)
    - i. Rock Muffler(s)
    - ii. Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH) or equivalent chemical storage tank(s);
  - f. Portable H<sub>2</sub>S Abatement System;
  - g. Two (2) Integrated Two Level Units (ITLU); and
  - h. Vapor Recovery Maintenance Unit (VRMU).
  - 2. The permittee shall permanently attach an identification tag or nameplate on each piece of equipment which identifies the model number, serial number or I.D. number and manufacturer. The identification tag or name plate shall be attached to the equipment in a conspicuous position.

#### Section B. Emission and Operational Limitations, and/or Standards.

- 1. The permit conditions prescribed herein may at any time be revised by the Department of Health to conform to any Federal or State promulgated air quality rules on geothermal facilities.
- 2. Fugitive pentane emissions from the turbine/generator modules shall not exceed 10,000 ppm from any seal, flange, valve or any other fugitive emission point. The permittee shall take immediate corrective actions upon identifying any pentane emissions in excess of 10,000 ppm when measured at the component interface.
- 3. The total pentane emissions from the facility shall not exceed 300 pounds per day calculated as a quarterly average. Pentane emissions are from fugitive sources and the vapor recovery unit (VRU) and/or the vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU).
- 4. No major maintenance or overhaul resulting in the purging to the atmosphere of the turbine/generator modules shall be allowed without the operation of a vapor recovery

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unit (VRU) and/or the vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU) with a minimum recovery efficiency of 95.0 percent. During normal power plant operations, all purging of noncondensible gases to the atmosphere or the release of pentane from the turbine/generator modules to the atmosphere shall be directed through the vapor recovery unit (VRU) and/or the vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU). The vapor recovery unit and vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU) shall be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's operational specifications (i.e., temperature, pressure, etc.).

- 5. The emergency steam release facility (ESRF) shall be maintained and be fully operational. The rock muffler(s) in service shall be capable of handling 100 percent of the total actual power plant steam flow.
- 6. The emergency steam release facility (ESRF) shall only be utilized under one or more of the following conditions:
  - a. Failure of the electrical transmission line(s) out of the power plant or some incident that tripped all the steam turbine/generator modules;
  - b. Complete upset of the geothermal fluid injection system;
  - Pressure in the steam lines exceed safety design set points;
  - d. Any upset situation which would otherwise result in a release of unabated steam to the atmosphere:
  - e. Testing of the emergency steam release facility (ESRF); or
  - f. Maintenance performed on steam release valve NV4204.
- 7. The emergency steam release facility (ESRF) shall be equipped and maintained at all times with a minimum of 3000 gallons of sodium hydroxide. The chemical abatement system shall operate automatically when steam is released through the rock muffler(s). A minimum sodium hydroxide treatment mole ratio of 4 to 1 (NaOH/H<sub>2</sub>S) shall be used. If the duration of the steam release is greater than 15 minutes, the permittee shall monitor the perimeter of the rock muffler(s) using portable hydrogen sulfide analyzers.

Upon utilizing the emergency steam release facility (ESRF), the permittee shall take immediate action to the extent practical to reduce the steam flow and perform the necessary corrective actions. The steam flow rate shall be reduced, as a minimum, to 50 percent of full flow within four (4) hours after initiating the use of the emergency steam release facility (ESRF).

- 8. In the event of any operational upset, equipment failure or malfunction which may allow an increase in the emissions of hydrogen sulfide, particulate matter or pentane, the permittee shall apply appropriate measures to control and minimize any air emissions and take immediate steps to correct the condition.
- 9. The combined emissions of hydrogen sulfide from the geothermal power plant and associated wellfield, including periods of operational upsets, equipment failure or malfunctions shall not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the hydrogen sulfide

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ambient level of 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average at or beyond the project boundary. Should any of the air quality monitoring stations indicate a hydrogen sulfide ambient concentration greater than 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average, the permittee shall take immediate action terminating, within two (2) hours of the exceedance, all power plant activities not associated with normal power plant operations but contributing to hydrogen sulfide emissions. Following the reduction in power plant emissions, if the monitoring stations still indicate hydrogen sulfide ambient concentrations in excess of 10 ppb on a twenty-four-four rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average, the permittee shall curtail the power plant operations, unless the permittee can conclusively show to the Department of Health that the power plant operations and emissions are not contributing any impact to the monitoring site. If the hydrogen sulfide ambient concentration is below 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average and 25 ppb on a one-hour average after the power plant emissions have been reduced, the permittee shall maintain the emissions at this reduced level until such time the Department of Health is assured that the resumption of full activity shall not result in another exceedance of the hydrogen sulfide ambient level of 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average.

- During those periods of normal power plant and normal wellfield operations, the combined emissions of hydrogen sulfide from the geothermal power plant and associated wellfield shall not cause an increase in the hydrogen sulfide ambient concentration in excess of 5 ppb (above background) on a one-hour average at or beyond the project boundary as monitored at any of the air quality monitoring stations and so identified in the monthly monitoring report. As used in this context, a normal power plant operation is a power plant which is operating without any pipeline cleanouts, upsets, equipment failure, malfunction or which is otherwise operating normally. A normal wellfield operation is a wellfield in which no well drilling, flow testing, or abated well cleanouts are occurring and where the completed well are not experiencing any equipment failure or malfunction and are either shut-in, being used as an injection well, or connected to a sound geothermal resource distribution system.
- 11. During periods of regularly scheduled maintenance, sodium hydroxide or an equivalent chemical shall be used to abate any hydrogen sulfide emissions. Chemicals equivalent to sodium hydroxide shall obtain prior written approval from the Department of Health before use.
- 12. The unabated cleanout of a pipeline utilizing the geothermal steam is prohibited. If the geothermal steam is used in the pipeline cleanout, the geothermal steam shall be directed through the hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment. The permittee shall utilize a cyclonic muffler or other equivalent device designed to minimize particulate and brine aerosol emissions, and direct venting into the vertical direction. In no case shall any abated pipeline cleanout coincide with any abated well cleanout, well drilling which opens new hole, or well flow testing operations or commence if the emergency steam release facility (ESRF) is being utilized by the power plant. If emergency steam releases from the power plant occur during any pipeline cleanout, the pipeline cleanout operations

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shall be terminated as quickly as practical. Each pipeline cleanout shall not exceed 20 minutes in duration and shall occur only in the daytime.

- 13. In the event of an equipment malfunction or upset condition which results in a situation where the geothermal injection well(s) are not capable of handling the total geothermal resource being utilized by the power plant, the power plant production and associated geothermal resource being used shall be immediately reduced according to the handling of the injection well(s) or completely shut down.
- 14. The Sulfa-Treat System shall be operated continuously to abate fugitive H<sub>2</sub>S emissions from the steam turbines. The Sulfa-Treat System shall be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's operational specifications.

#### Section C. Monitoring and Recordkeeping.

- 1. Monitoring for fugitive pentane shall be conducted in accordance with Method 21 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, including monitoring at the component interface. The permittee shall perform monitoring on all fugitive pentane emission points, as a minimum, on a **monthly basis**. The permittee shall keep on file at the facility a monitoring plan showing the locations in the facility where fugitive pentane emissions are monitored.
- 2. Records shall be maintained on all incidents resulting in the release of pentane to the atmosphere, including the purging of noncondensible gases from the turbine/generator modules, the maintenance and overhaul of the turbine/generator modules, vapor recovery unit (VRU) and vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU), equipment malfunctions, usage of the vapor recovery unit (VRU) and vapor recovery maintenance unit (VRMU) with hours of operation, and all fugitive emission measurements greater than 10,000 ppm and the corrective measures taken. In addition to estimating the amount of pentane emitted from each incident, records shall also include information on the date and quantity of pentane received from the supplier and the corresponding pentane tank level reading. The above records shall be recorded on a quarterly basis to calculate the average daily emissions.
- 3. The following data shall be recorded during periods in which the hydrogen sulfide abatement system is operating at the emergency steam release facility (ESRF):
  - a. The operating times of the ESRF;
  - b. The injection rate of sodium hydroxide;
  - c. The quantity of sodium hydroxide remaining in the abatement equipment storage tanks; and
  - d. The hydrogen sulfide readings from the portable H<sub>2</sub>S analyzers in accordance with Special Condition No. B.7 of Attachment IIA.

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4. The permittee shall operate and maintain a minimum of three (3) meteorological monitoring stations, three (3) ambient air quality monitoring stations for hydrogen sulfide and one (1) PM<sub>10</sub> monitor. The PM<sub>10</sub> monitor shall only be operated during drilling operations, flow testing, and well cleanouts. The permittee shall maintain a file of all measurements collected from and performed on the ambient air monitoring stations, including the monitoring system performance evaluations; calibration checks; and adjustments and maintenance performed on the system or devices. The measured data shall meet U.S. EPA capture requirements and quality assurance guidelines. As a minimum, a quality assurance check shall be conducted on each monitoring station every-other-day.

The three (3) ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be equipped with emergency backup power in the event of power disruptions to the monitoring stations. The permittee shall also maintain a spare hydrogen sulfide analyzer for the ambient air quality monitoring stations.

- 5. At the discretion of the Department of Health, the permittee may at any time be required to install, operate, and maintain additional ambient air quality and meteorological monitoring stations, but only after due notice to the permittee on the reasons for the proposed change and providing the permittee an opportunity to respond within **seven (7)** working days.
- 6. The Department of Health may at any time with reasonable cause, request the permittee to measure and record the hydrogen sulfide and pentane emissions at any specified point source location in the power plant.
- 7. All records shall be true, accurate and maintained in a permanent form suitable for inspection, retained for a minimum of **three (3) years** following the date of such records, and made available to the Department of Health or their representatives upon request.

#### Section D. Reporting and Notification Requirements.

1. The ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be equipped with an alarm or acceptable equivalent system that is designed to page and notify the permittee or a government agency on a twenty-four hour basis of ambient hydrogen sulfide concentrations in excess of 10 ppb on a twenty-four hour average and 25 ppb on a one-hour average. The permittee shall immediately notify the Department of Health and the Hilo District Health Office of any exceedance above 10 ppb on a twenty-four hour rolling average and 25 ppb on a one-hour average.

One (1) copy of the air quality monitoring and meteorological data files shall be submitted on an **annual** basis to the Department of Health. The data files shall be in ASCII format that can be utilized by a personal computer for ready extraction of data.

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The verified air quality monitoring and meteorological data shall be summarized and submitted **monthly** in writing to the Department of Health. The monthly data report shall also include a *monthly summary* with the following information: highest value, the date/time the highest value occurred, monthly average, data recovery (%), number of exceedances, date the exceedance occurred, and the corrective actions taken. Additional information on the monitoring stations and on the data collected shall be submitted upon request by the Department of Health. Both the annual data file and monthly summary shall be submitted to the Department of Health within **sixty (60) days** following the end of each respective time period.

The permittee shall provide computer access for the ambient air quality monitoring stations through telecommunication lines to the Department of Health. The computer access shall allow the downloading of the current and the previous 24-hour raw hydrogen sulfide ambient air quality and meteorological data.

- 2. The permittee shall submit a written report to the Department of Health within **five (5)** working days of the occurrence of Special Condition No. B.9 of Attachment IIA. The report shall include the date, time and duration of the exceedance(s), the status of all project operations during the exceedance, the estimated project emissions and any other emission sources that may have contributed to the exceedance, and all corrective measures and actions taken to reduce project emissions to a minimum. Compliance with this notification provision shall not excuse or otherwise constitute a defense for any violation(s) of this permit, law, rule or order.
- 3. The permittee shall immediately notify the Department of Health of any operational upsets, equipment failure or malfunction which results in the emission of hydrogen sulfide, particulate matter or pentane in violation of HAR Chapter 11-60.1 or this permit. In addition, a written report shall be submitted to the Department of Health within **five (5)** working days of occurrence. The report shall include a description of the malfunctioning equipment or abnormal operation, the date of the initial failure, the estimated resultant emissions, time and duration of the event, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. Compliance with this notification provision shall not excuse or otherwise constitute a defense for any violation(s) of this permit, law, rule or order which results from the operational upset, equipment failure or malfunction.
- 4. Prior to any abated pipeline cleanout utilizing geothermal steam, the Department of Health must be informed in writing, a minimum of **two (2) working days** prior to commencement and so concur. The public shall be notified a minimum of 24-hr in advance by notices in the newspapers of general circulation in Hawaii County. In addition, the permittee shall make a reasonable effort to notify all residents living within 3,500 feet of the permittee's property boundary a minimum of 24-hrs in advance of any abated pipeline cleanout utilizing geothermal steam.
- 5. The records and any supporting information required in Attachment IIA, Special Condition No. C.2, including any assumptions and calculations used to determine the amount of pentane emissions and descriptions of pentane transfers, shall be submitted

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to the Department of Health on a **quarterly** basis. These records shall be submitted to the Department of Health within **thirty (30) days** following the end of each quarter.

- 6. Notification and reporting pertaining to the following events shall be done in accordance with Attachment I, Standard Condition Nos. 13, 15, 16 and 23, respectively.
  - a. Anticipated date of initial start-up, actual date of construction commencement, and actual date of start-up;
  - b. Intent to shut down air pollution control equipment for necessary scheduled maintenance:
  - c. Emissions of air pollutants in violation of HAR, Chapter 11-60.1 or this permit; and
  - d. Permanent discontinuance of construction, modification, relocation, or operation of the facility covered by this permit.
- 7. The permittee shall notify the Department of Health in the event the ESRF has operated more than 15 minutes in duration in accordance with Special Condition No. B.7 of Attachment IIA.

### Section E. <u>Testing Requirements.</u>

1. Prior to the commencement of any abated pipeline cleanout utilizing the geothermal steam, the permittee shall submit to, and receive the approval of, the Department of Health a sampling and testing protocol, identifying the analytical procedures and methodologies to be used and the constituents to be measured, which shall seek to physically and chemically characterize the particulate and aerosol emissions and corresponding ambient concentrations from these operations. Each collected sample shall be submitted to a qualified laboratory for analyses within **five (5) working days** after the sample is collected. The permittee shall submit a copy of the results of the analyses to the Department of Health within **five (5) working days** after receiving the results from the qualified laboratory. The Department of Health may at any time require the permittee to analyze for additional constituents or perform more frequent testing.

### Section F. Agency Notification.

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall be done in accordance with Attachment I, Standard Condition No. 25.

# ATTACHMENT IIB: SPECIAL CONDITIONS WELLFIELD AND GEOTHERMAL EXPLORATORY/DEVELOPMENTAL WELLS NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

In addition to the Standard Conditions of the Noncovered Source Permit, the following emissions unit(s) is subject to the Special Conditions listed below:

#### Section A. Equipment Description.

- 1. This permit encompasses the following equipment and related appurtenances:
  - a. Pad A Wellfield: Production Wells KS-9 and KS-10, Injection Wells KS-1A, KS-11 and KS-13, and associated equipment;
  - b. Pad E Wellfield: Production Wells KS-4, KS-5 and KS-6, Injection Well KS-3, and associated equipment;
  - c. Fourteen (14) Geothermal Exploratory/Developmental Wells;
  - d. Drilling rig no. 1 (Rig 51):
    - i. Three (3) 877 hp diesel engine drives, Waukesha model L5792, serial nos. 363805, 363806, and 363807; and
    - ii. Two (2) 435 hp diesel engine generators, Caterpillar model D353, serial nos. 46B09273 and 46B09281;
    - iii. One (1) 1205 hp diesel engine for Top Drive unit, Detroit Diesel serial no. T28091 UNIT568, engine no. 5362003945;
  - e. Drilling rig no. 2 (Spencer Harris Drilling Rig):
    - i. Two (2) 300 hp diesel engine drives, Caterpillar model D334, serial nos. 92B-3036 and 92B-3841; and
    - ii. One (1) 400 hp diesel engine for air compressor, Caterpillar model 3406-B, serial no. 6TB0750.
  - f. Portable H<sub>2</sub>S Abatement System.
- 2. The permittee shall permanently attach an identification tag or nameplate on each piece of equipment which identifies the model number, serial number or I.D. number and manufacturer. The identification tag or name plate shall be attached to the equipment in a conspicuous position.

### Section B. Emission and Operational Limitations, and/or Standards.

- 1. The permit conditions prescribed herein may at any time be revised by the Department of Health to conform to any Federal or State promulgated air quality rules on geothermal facilities.
- 2. The construction of fourteen (14) geothermal exploratory/developmental wells are to be drilled in TMK: 1-4-01: 2, 1-4-01: 3, 1-4-01: 58 and 1-4-01: 19, Kilauea Lower East Rift Zone, Puna, Hawaii.

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- 3. This permit does not authorize any of the geothermal exploratory/developmental wells to be connected to and become part of a distribution system which supplies geothermal resource to a power plant or facility, or any well to be used as an injection well for the geothermal resource unless the permittee has obtained all other applicable federal, state or local operating permits.
- 4. No geothermal exploratory/developmental wells (i.e., wellhead cellar) shall be located within 600 feet of the property boundary. If any federal, state or county permit or order stipulates a distance greater than 600 feet in which no geothermal wells (i.e., wellhead cellars) can be located, the greater distance shall so apply.
- 5. The reworking of any geothermal well covered under this Noncovered Source Permit is prohibited, unless prior written approval is obtained from the Department of Health. "Reworking" is meant to include recompletion of a well; deepening or redrilling (sidetracking) of a well; or other repairs, maintenance or modifications below the casing head. Such activities commonly involve a drilling rig. If the reworking of any geothermal well is considered necessary, the permittee shall submit a written request to the Department of Health which shall include, as a minimum, a justification for the reworking, procedures and equipment involved, hydrogen sulfide abatement procedures and the estimated emissions. The approval for the reworking of any geothermal well does not relieve the permittee from compliance with all applicable conditions of this Noncovered Source Permit, including all provisions related to well drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout.
- 6. Unless prior written approval is obtained from the Department of Health, each geothermal well shall be shut-in or otherwise prevented from discharging to the atmosphere in accordance with appropriate standards of operation and maintenance and at no time be placed on continuous or standby bleed status at the wellhead or anywhere in the distribution pipeline upon completion of flow testing operations. If the release of any accumulated wellhead gas or any other geothermal fluid is considered necessary, the permittee must submit a written request to the Department of Health which shall include, as a minimum, a justification for the required release, estimated duration of the release, estimated amount of hydrogen sulfide emissions, and a description of the abatement system. The release of any accumulated wellhead gas or any other geothermal fluid shall be directed through a hydrogen sulfide abatement system prior to being discharged to the atmosphere. If a request to release any accumulated wellhead gas or any other geothermal fluid is approved by the Department of Health, the approval may be subject to further conditions.
- 7. Flaring of excess hydrogen sulfide gas from the completed wells is prohibited without the approval of the Department of Health. If flaring of the excess gas is considered necessary, the permittee must submit a written request to the Department of Health which shall include as a minimum the proposed date, time and approximate duration of the flaring episode, the current and expected well head pressure, the estimated hydrogen sulfide concentration in the well gas, the estimated emission rates for hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide, an air quality impact analysis for sulfur dioxide, the

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probable cause of excess gas buildup, and an assessment of any abatement alternatives.

If a request to flare excess gas is approved as necessary by the Department of Health, the approval may be subject to specified conditions. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, provisions requiring the permittee to install, operate, and maintain sulfur dioxide ambient monitors and to submit to the Department of Health after the flaring event a report on the times flaring actually occurred, the sulfur dioxide emissions determined through either direct or indirect measurements, and any problems encountered during the flaring process.

- 8. Hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment with a minimum of 3,000 gallons of sodium hydroxide or an equivalent chemical shall be on the property prior to the initiation of drilling, abated well cleanout and flow testing operations. Chemical storage tanks shall be maintained with sodium hydroxide or an equivalent chemical at all times with no less than a three-day operating supply. Chemicals equivalent to sodium hydroxide shall obtain prior written approval from the Department of Health before use.
- 9. During well drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout operations, the permittee shall utilize hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment. The hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment shall consist of a cyclonic muffler or other equivalent device designed to minimize particulate and brine aerosol emissions, and direct venting into a vertical direction. A minimum sodium hydroxide treatment mole ratio of 4 to 1 (NaOH/H<sub>2</sub>S) will be used initially and the abatement efficiency monitored. The optimum mole ratios will be determined during the hydrogen sulfide abatement operations. A specific chemical treatment plan shall be submitted to the Department of Health prior to the commencement of drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout operations. A copy of the plan shall be maintained at the site at all times and supervisory personnel shall be aware of its provisions at all times.
- 10. During well drilling operations, the release of any geothermal steam shall be diverted to the hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment or action immediately taken to shut-in the well.
  - In no case shall the cumulative steam releases from the well drilling operations result in total abated hydrogen sulfide emissions of five (5.0) pounds per hour or more. If the cumulative steam releases from the well drilling operations result in total abated hydrogen sulfide emissions of five (5.0) pounds per hour or more, the permittee shall take immediate action to shut-in the wells.
- 11. During flow testing and abated well cleanout operations, the permittee shall utilize hydrogen sulfide abatement. If the abated hydrogen sulfide emission rate increases to five (5.0) pounds per hour or more, or if any steam is released through the power plant emergency steam release facility, the permittee shall cease operations and shut-in the well. The problem shall be corrected before testing or cleanout operations can continue.

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During periods of flow testing, abated well cleanouts, and well equipment failure or malfunction which result in hydrogen sulfide ambient air concentrations exceeding the specified limits in Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.15, the permittee shall apply appropriate measures to control and minimize any air emissions and take immediate steps to correct the condition. If the well equipment in question cannot be repaired within twenty-four (24) hours of the occurrence, the permittee shall cease operations and shut-in the well in accordance with Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.15.

12. The unabated venting of a geothermal well is prohibited. During abated well cleanout and flow testing operations, the geothermal resource shall be directed through the hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment. Flow testing and abated well cleanout operations shall be conducted only during the daytime and performed for no more than a total of four (4) hours.

In no case shall any abated well cleanout coincide with any pipeline cleanouts, well drilling which opens new holes, or well flow testing operations, or commence if the power plant emergency steam release facility is being utilized. If emergency steam releases from the power plant occur during any abated well cleanout, the well cleanout operations shall be terminated as quickly as practical.

- 13. The permittee shall install a control system acceptable to the Department of Health for the throttling of steam flow and the soft shut-in on each development well prior to the well being connected to a resource distribution system.
- 14. To prevent well blowouts, the permittee shall employ good drilling practices with proper blowout prevention equipment and experienced personnel in the drilling of the exploratory/developmental wells. Drilling supervisors shall be certified in blowout prevention at a minimum of once every two years by a certified trainer.
- 15. The combined emissions of hydrogen sulfide from the geothermal power plant and associated wellfield, including periods of operational upsets, equipment failure or malfunctions shall not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the hydrogen sulfide ambient level of 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average at or beyond the project boundary. Should any of the air quality monitoring stations indicate a hydrogen sulfide ambient air concentration greater than 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average, the permittee shall cease all well drilling, flow testing, and abated well cleanout operations, and shall shut-in those wells experiencing equipment failure or malfunction which result in emissions of hydrogen sulfide. The affected wellfield construction activities shall be allowed to proceed only after the permittee has satisfactorily demonstrated to the Department of Health that the contributions from the well drilling, well flow testing, abated well cleanout operations or well equipment repair will not result in or contribute to the exceedance of the hydrogen sulfide ambient concentration of 10 ppb on a twenty-four-hour rolling average or 25 ppb on a one-hour average.

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- 16. During those periods of normal power plant and normal wellfield operations, the combined emissions of hydrogen sulfide from the geothermal power plant and associated wellfield shall not cause an increase in the hydrogen sulfide ambient concentration in excess of 5 ppb (above background) on a one-hour average at or beyond the project boundary as monitored at any of the air quality monitoring stations and so identified in the monthly monitoring report. As used in this context, a normal power plant operation is a power plant which is operating without any pipeline cleanouts, upsets, equipment failure, malfunction or which is otherwise operating normally. A normal wellfield operation is a wellfield in which no well drilling, flow testing, or abated well cleanout are occurring and where the completed wells are not experiencing any equipment failure or malfunction and are either shut-in, being used as an injection well, or connected to a sound geothermal resource distribution system.
- 17. The permittee shall have wind socks placed at two opposite edges of the drill site and on the drill floor.
- 18. The permittee shall maintain a 24-hour telephone service to accept calls concerning this permit. This telephone number must be operational prior to commencement of drilling operations.
- 19. The three (3) 877 hp, two (2) 435 hp and one (1) 1205 hp diesel engines for drilling rig no. 1, and the two (2) 300 hp and one (1) 400 hp diesel engines for drilling rig no. 2 shall be fired only on fuel no. 2 with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.5 percent by weight.
- 20. The total combined fuel usage of all nine (9) diesel engines shall not exceed 250,000 gallons in any rolling twelve (12) month period.
- 21. The total hours of operation for each of the two (2) 300 hp and one (1) 400 hp diesel engines for drilling rig no. 2 shall not exceed 720 hours in any rolling twelve (12) month period.
- 22. For any six (6) minute averaging period, the exhaust from each of the diesel engines shall not exhibit visible emissions of twenty (20) percent opacity or greater, except as follows: during start-up, shutdown, or equipment breakdown, each of the diesel engines may exhibit visible emissions greater than twenty (20) percent opacity but not exceeding sixty (60) percent opacity for a period aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any sixty (60) minutes.

#### Section C. Monitoring and Recordkeeping.

1. The permittee shall operate and maintain a minimum of three (3) meteorological monitoring stations, three (3) ambient air quality monitoring stations for hydrogen sulfide and one (1) PM<sub>10</sub> monitor. The monitoring stations required in Attachment IIA, Special Condition No. C.4 shall be used towards fulfilling this requirement.

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- 2. At the discretion of the Department of Health, the permittee may at any time be required to install, operate, and maintain additional ambient air quality and meteorological monitoring stations, but only after due notice to the permittee on the reasons for the proposed change and providing the permittee an opportunity to respond within **seven (7)** working days.
- 3. The permittee shall monitor the hydrogen sulfide concentration and emission rate during drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout operations.
- 4. During well drilling operations, records of each steam release associated with upsets, equipment failures or malfunctions shall be maintained and include as a minimum, the date, time and duration of steam release, the resultant hydrogen sulfide emissions, chemical injection rate, steam flow rate, and any corrective measures taken.
- 5. The permittee shall operate and maintain a non-resetting fuel metering system for the permanent recording of the total gallons of fuel consumed by the nine (9) diesel engines associated with the drilling rigs for the purpose of the fuel limitation specified in Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.20. The permittee shall maintain records on a monthly and rolling twelve (12) month basis on the total amount (gallons) of fuel oil consumed by the nine (9) diesel engines. The installation of any new non-resetting meters or the replacement of any existing non-resetting meters shall be designed to accommodate a minimum of five (5) years of equipment operation, considering any operational limitations, before the meter returns to a zero reading.
- 6. The permittee shall operate and maintain non-resetting hour meter(s) for the permanent recording of the total hours of operation for each of the two (2) 300 hp and one (1) 400 hp diesel engines for drilling rig no. 2 for the purpose of the hour limitation specified in Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.21. The permittee shall maintain records on the total hours of operation for each of the three (3) diesel engines on a monthly and rolling twelve (12) month basis. The installation of any new non-resetting meters or the replacement of any existing non-resetting meters shall be designed to accommodate a minimum of five (5) years of equipment operation, considering any operational limitations, before the meter returns to a zero reading.
- 7. The permittee shall keep invoices of fuel deliveries for the diesel engines identifying the delivery dates and the type and amount of fuel received. Include with the records copies of the supplier's certificate of analysis showing the sulfur content of the fuel delivered.
- 8. The permittee shall keep a log identifying the diesel engines used for drilling a well and for the removal of fill or other materials from wells.
- 9. All records shall be true, accurate and maintained in a permanent form suitable for inspection, retained for a minimum of three (3) years following the date of such records, and made available to the Department of Health or their representatives upon request.

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#### Section D. Reporting and Notification Requirements.

- 1. A written plan must be submitted to and approval obtained from the Department of Health at least **thirty (30) calendar days** prior to the commencement of construction of each well. The Department of Health shall act on the approval in a timely manner provided all required and requested information have been submitted. Each plan shall include a drawing identifying the well location, the property boundary, access roads approaching and traversing the property, the location of the nearest residence, the locations of the ambient air quality monitoring stations, and hydrogen sulfide abatement procedures. The status of all previous constructed wells shall be provided including a clear description of the measures taken to shut-in the well. The Department of Health may at any time request for additional information.
- 2. The permittee shall notify the Department of Health in writing at least **two (2) working days** prior to the commencement, and within **two (2) working days** after the completion of the drilling, abated well cleanout, and flow testing operations, for each geothermal well. The Department of Health must concur before the permittee can commence operations.
- 3. Prior to any drilling, flow testing or abated well cleanout operation, the public shall be notified a minimum of 24 hours in advance by notices in the newspapers of general circulation in Hawaii County. In addition, the permittee shall make a reasonable effort to notify all residents living within 3,500 feet of the permittee's property boundary a minimum of 24 hours in advance of each drilling, flow testing or abated well cleanout operation.
- 4. In the event of a well blowout, the permittee shall immediately proceed with measures to kill or gain control of the well and notify the Department of Health. The permittee shall submit to the Department of Health a written report within **five (5) working days** of the blowout. The report shall include, as a minimum, the probable cause of the blowout, the actions that have or will be taken, the estimated time before the well was controlled or is expected to be controlled, an analysis of the air quality impact from any unabated emissions, and a monitoring plan to determine the actual air quality impact resulting from the blowout. A status report shall be submitted to the Department of Health on a **daily basis** until such time the control of the well is established.
- 5. The permittee shall orally notify the Department of Health when an abnormality or a situation occurs that could result in an exceedance of the state ambient air quality standards, or has resulted in a hydrogen sulfide measurement of 25 ppb or more (one-hour average) at any of the ambient air quality monitoring stations, or if not properly resolved, may threaten the health or safety of persons in the vicinity of the project site. Notification shall be provided immediately, unless the protection of personnel or public health or safety demands immediate attention to the abnormality or situation and makes such notification infeasible. In the latter case, the oral notice shall be provided as soon as practicable.

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- 6. The Department of Health shall be immediately notified in accordance with Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.10, if the cumulative steam releases from either or both well drilling operations result in total **abated** hydrogen sulfide emissions of five (5.0) pounds per hour or more.
- 7. The Department of Health shall be immediately notified in accordance with Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.11, if during flow testing or abated well cleanout operations, the abated hydrogen sulfide emission rate increases to five (5.0) pounds per hour or more, or if any steam is released through the power plant emergency steam release facility (ESRF).

During periods of flow testing, abated well cleanouts, and well equipment failure or malfunction which result in hydrogen sulfide ambient air concentrations exceeding the specified limits in Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. B.15, the Department of Health shall be immediately notified. Within **five (5) working days** of the occurrence, a report shall be submitted to the Department of Health. The report shall include a description of the equipment failure or malfunction, the date of the initial failure, the estimated resultant emissions, time and duration of the event, and the repairs conducted to restore normal operations.

Compliance with this notification provision shall not excuse or otherwise constitute a defense for any violation(s) of this permit, law, rule, or order which results from the well equipment failure or malfunction.

- 8. The daily records specified in Attachment IIB, Special Conditions Nos. E.1.b.i., ii., and iii. shall be reported **daily** to the Department of Health by telephone or facsimile no later than noon of the following work day. The Department of Health may at any time request additional data or revise the frequency of this daily reporting requirement.
- 9. Notification and reporting pertaining to the following events shall be done in accordance with Attachment I, Standard Condition Nos. 15, 16 and 23, respectively:
  - a. Intent to shut down air pollution control equipment for necessary scheduled maintenance:
  - b. Emissions of air pollutants in violation of HAR, Chapter 11-60.1 or this permit; and
  - c. Permanent discontinuance of construction, modification, relocation, or operation of the facility covered by this permit.
- 10. The permittee shall submit the following written report to the Department of Health. The report shall be submitted within **thirty (30) days** after the completion of each well and include the following:
  - a. The monthly and rolling twelve (12) month fuel consumption records for the total combined fuel usage of all nine (9) diesel engines of the drilling rigs; and

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- b. The maximum sulfur content (percent by weight) of the fuel oil no. 2 fired in the diesel engines of the drilling rigs.
- c. The total hours of operation for each of the two (2) 300 hp and one (1) 400 hp diesel engines of drilling rig no. 2.

The enclosed **Monitoring/Annual Emissions Report Form - Fuel Consumption** shall be used for reporting Special Condition Nos. 10.a and 10.b and the **Monitoring Report Form - Operating Hours** shall be used for reporting Special Condition No. 10.c.

11. Annual emission reports for the diesel engines shall be submitted to the Department of Health on the **Monitoring/Annual Emissions Report Form - Fuel Consumption**, in accordance with Attachment IV, Annual Emissions Reporting Requirements.

Upon the written request of the permittee, the deadline for the reporting of annual emissions may be extended, if the Department of Health determines that reasonable justification exists for the extension.

#### Section E. Testing Requirements.

- 1. The permittee shall conduct wet chemical tests for the determination of the hydrogen sulfide concentrations during periods of drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout operations where geothermal steam is directed to the hydrogen sulfide abatement equipment.
  - a. These tests shall be conducted during the following periods:
    - At least once every six (6) hours per 24-hr period during periods of drilling operations. Additional wet chemical tests shall be required if previous results indicate a +10 percent fluctuation in the hydrogen sulfide concentration; and
    - ii. At least twice during the four hours per day for abated well cleanouts and flow testing operations.
  - b. The following data shall be recorded at these times:
    - i. The hydrogen sulfide concentration (ppm) upstream from the chemical injection system;
    - ii. The injection rate of sodium hydroxide;
    - iii. The hydrogen sulfide concentration (ppm) downstream, after chemical injection, calculated hydrogen sulfide emission rate (lb/hr) and calculated hydrogen sulfide abatement efficiency (percent); and
    - iv. Daily, the quantity of sodium hydroxide remaining in the abatement equipment storage tanks.

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The Department of Health may require additional data to be recorded when significant changes in the resource occurs and when changes are made in the injection rates of sodium hydroxide.

The records shall be kept at the well location at all times during the drilling, flow testing and abated well cleanout operations.

2. The permittee shall sample and test the liquid and vapor phases of <u>each</u> geothermal resource well to determine the concentrations of the following constituents in the steam condensate, brine and noncondensible gases:

#### **Steam Condensate**

Benzene Fluorides (Total) Ammonium (Total) Mercury (Total)

Arsenic pH

Lead Total Dissolved Solids
Cadmium Total Suspended Solids

Bicarbonate and Carbonate Beryllium
Sulfates Asbestos
Chlorides Vinyl Chloride

Nitrates Radon

Boron (Total) Radionuclides (gross Alpha and Beta)

Hydrogen Sulfide

#### <u>Brine</u>

Benzene Fluorides (Total) Ammonium (Total) Mercury (Total)

Arsenic pH

Lead Total Dissolved Solids
Cadmium Total Suspended Solids

Bicarbonate and Carbonate Beryllium
Sulfates Asbestos
Chlorides Vinyl Chloride

Nitrates Radon

Boron (Total) Radionuclides (gross Alpha and Beta)

Hydrogen Sulfide

#### Noncondensible Gases

Benzene Carbon Dioxide

Hydrogen Sulfide Arsenic
Ammonia Beryllium
Mercury Vapor Asbestos
Methane Radon

Non-Methane Hydrocarbons Radionuclides (gross Alpha and Beta)

Vinyl Chloride

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The sampling and testing of the resource shall be performed once upon experiencing the first steam release, and at least once during abated well cleanout and flow testing operations.

During normal operation of each well, the sampling and testing of the resource shall be performed on an **annual basis**. During the testing of the noncondensible gases, if the hydrogen sulfide concentrations deviates more than +10 percent of the initial well test measurement, the permittee shall repeat the sampling and testing of the resource for the steam condensate, brine and noncondensible gases within the next **six (6) months**. The permittee shall be required to perform a retest only **once** after performing an annual resource test.

All sampling shall be submitted to a qualified laboratory for analyses within **five (5) working days** after obtaining the sample. The permittee shall submit a copy of the results of the analyses to the Department of Health within **five (5) working days** after receiving the results from the qualified laboratory. The Department of Health may at any time require the permittee to analyze for additional constituents or perform more frequent testing.

The Department of Health may waive the annual resource testing for a specific constituent upon prior written request of the permittee. Such a request would need to be justified on the grounds that previous testing had shown that constituent to be below detection limits. The annual resource testing may not be waived for more than two consecutive years.

- 3. At least **thirty (30) calendar days** prior to performing tests and analyses of the geothermal resource well as required in Attachment IIB, Special Condition No. E.2, the permittee shall submit a written test plan to the Department of Health that describes the test methods, analytical procedures, the constituents to be measured and other parameters that may affect test results and analyses. Such a plan shall conform to U.S. EPA guidelines including quality assurance procedures. A test plan that does not have the approval of the Department of Health may be grounds to invalidate any test and require a retest.
- 4. Prior to the commencement of any geothermal well drilling, abated well cleanout, or flow testing operations which will result in the release of geothermal steam to the atmosphere, the permittee shall submit to, and receive the approval of, the Department of Health a sampling and testing protocol, identifying the analytical procedures and methodologies to be used and the constituents to be measured, which shall seek to physically and chemically characterize the particulate and aerosol emissions and corresponding ambient concentration from these operations. Each collected sample shall be submitted to a qualified laboratory for analyses within **five (5) working days** after the sample is collected. The permittee shall submit a copy of the results of the analyses within **five (5) working days** after receiving the results from the qualified laboratory. The Department of Health may at any time require the permittee to analyze for additional constituents or perform more frequent testing.

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### Section F. Agency Notification.

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall be done in accordance with Attachment I, Standard Condition No. 25.

## ATTACHMENT III: ANNUAL FEE REQUIREMENTS NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

The following requirements for the submittal of annual fees are established pursuant to Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Title 11, Chapter 60.1, Air Pollution Control. Should HAR, Chapter 60.1 be revised such that the following requirements are in conflict with the provisions of HAR, Chapter 60.1; the permittee shall comply with the provisions of HAR, Chapter 60.1:

- 1. Annual fees shall be paid in full:
  - a. Within sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar year; and
  - b. Within thirty (30) days after the permanent discontinuance of the noncovered source.
- 2. The permittee shall be assessed \$500.00 annually for each valid noncovered source permit held during the prior calendar year, or \$42.00 per month for any fraction of the year the noncovered source permit is valid.
- 3. If any part of the annual fee is not paid within thirty days after the due date, a late payment penalty of five percent of the amount due shall at once accrue and be added thereto. Thereafter, on the first day of each calendar month during which any part of the annual fee or any prior accrued late payment penalty remains unpaid, an additional late payment penalty of five percent of the then unpaid balance shall accrue and be added thereto.
- 4. The permittee shall complete and submit the attached **Annual Fee Form** with the required annual fee. *Make copies for future use*.
- 5. If any annual fee, including the late payment penalty required by HAR, Chapter 11-60.1, is not paid in full within thirty days after the due date, the Department of Health may terminate or suspend any or all of the permittee's noncovered source permits, after affording the opportunity for a hearing in accordance with HRS, Chapters 91 and 342B.

## ATTACHMENT IV: ANNUAL EMISSIONS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: December 15, 2009 Expiration Date: December 14, 2014

In accordance with the Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 60.1, Air Pollution Control, the permittee shall report to the Department of Health the nature and amounts of emissions.

1. Complete the attached form(s):

#### Monitoring/Annual Emission Report Form - Fuel Consumption

2. The reporting period shall be from January 1 to December 31 of each year. All reports shall be submitted to the Department of Health within sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar year and shall be mailed to the following address:

Clean Air Branch
Environmental Management Division
Hawaii Department of Health
919 Ala Moana Boulevard, Room 203
Honolulu, HI 96814

- 3. The permittee shall retain the information submitted, including all emissions calculations. These records shall be in a permanent form suitable for inspection, retained for a minimum of three (3) years, and made available to the Department of Health upon request.
- 4. Any information submitted to the Department of Health without a request for confidentiality shall be considered public record.
- 5. In accordance with HAR, Section 11-60.1-14, the permittee may request confidential treatment of specific information, including information concerning secret processes or methods of manufacturing, by submitting a written request to the Director and clearly identifying the specific information that is to be accorded confidential treatment.

## ANNUAL FEE FORM NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

#### (Make Copies for Future Use)

For	Calendar Year:							
1.	Company Name:							
2.	Facility Name (if different from the Company):							
3.	Mailing Address:							
	City:	State:	Zip Code:					
	Phone Number:							
4.	. Location of Equipment:							
5.	. Plant Site Manager/Other Contact:							
Title: Phone Number:								
Noncovered Source Permit		Date of Issuance	If Permit Canceled Provide Date	Amount Due				
0008-02-N								
			Total Due:					

- 6. Make check or money order payable to **Clean Air Special Fund NON**. Indicate your permit number(s) on all remittance.
- 7. Mail payment and this form to:

Clean Air Branch Environmental Management Division Hawaii Department of Health 919 Ala Moana Boulevard, Room 203 Honolulu, HI 96814

# MONITORING REPORT FORM OPERATING HOURS NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

In accordance with the Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 60.1, Air Pollution Control, the permittee shall report to the Department of Health the following information semi-annually:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

(Make copies for future use)

For Period:

Facility Name:				
Equipment Loc	cation:			
Equipment Ca	pacity/Rating (specify units):			
Serial/ID No.:	((	(Units such as Horsepower, kilowatt, tons/hour, etc.)		
compl confid	ete to the best of my knowledge and be ential in nature shall be treated by the	erein set forth, that the same are true, a pelief, and that all information not identi Department of Health as public record.	fied by me as	
•	:			
MONTH	DRILLING RIG NO. 2 OPERATING HOURS MONTHLY BASIS (HRS)	DRILLING RIG NO. 2 OPERATING HOURS ROLLING 12-MONTH BASIS (HRS)	NOTES	
January				
February				
March				
April				
May				
June				
July				
August				
September				
October				
November				
December				

# MONITORING/ANNUAL EMISSIONS REPORT FORM FUEL CONSUMPTION NONCOVERED SOURCE PERMIT NO. 0008-02-N

Issuance Date: <u>December 15, 2009</u> Expiration Date: <u>December 14, 2014</u>

In accordance with the Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 60.1, Air Pollution Control, the permittee shall report to the Department of Health the following information semi-annually:

(Make copies for future use)

For Period: _		Date:		
Facility Name	e:			
Equipment Lo	ocation:			
Equipment D	escription:		<del></del>	
Equipment C	apacity/Rating (specify units):	Inits such as Horsepower, kilowatt, tons/h		
Serial/ID No.:	:	Jnits such as Horsepower, kilowatt, tons/r	nour, etc.)	
I cert comp confi Responsible	ify that I have knowledge of the facts he plete to the best of my knowledge and b dential in nature shall be treated by the	erein set forth, that the same are true, accu relief, and that all information not identified Department of Health as public record.	l by me as	
MONTH	FUEL CONSUMPTION MONTHLY BASIS (GALLONS)	FUEL CONSUMPTION ROLLING 12-MONTH BASIS (GALLONS)	NOTES	
January				
February				
March				
April				
May				
June				
July				
August				
September				
October				

November December